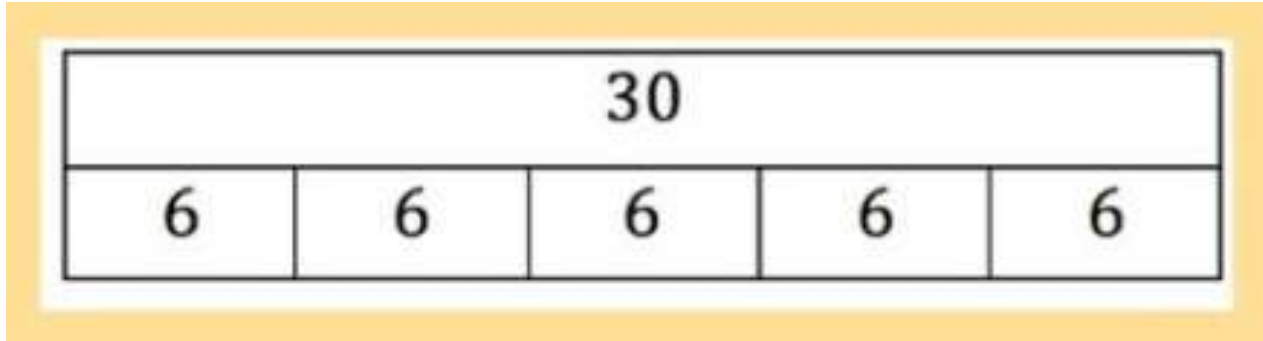


Finding fractions of amounts using bar models

Year 4 Maths week beginning 23rd March 2020

Using the 'bar model' method is good for finding fractions!



In this example I'm finding fifths:

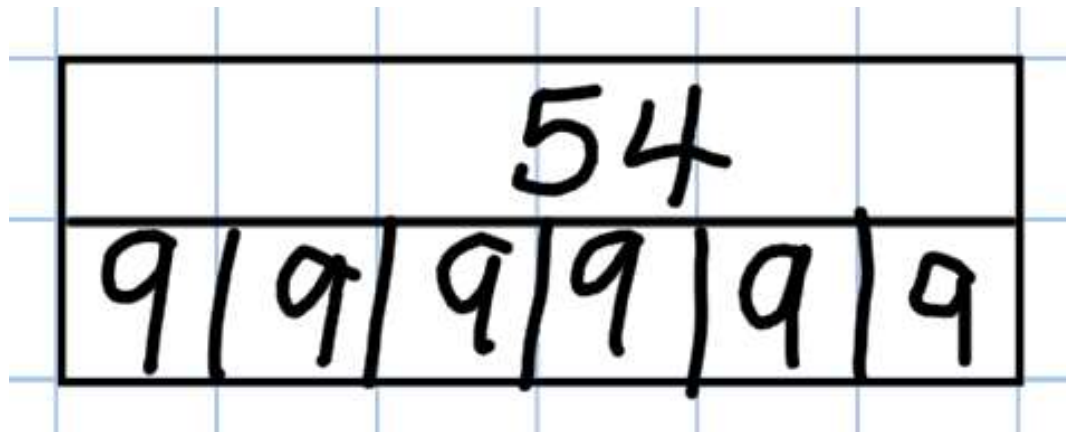
The whole amount is 30.

There are five boxes to represent 5 parts.

I've worked out that $1/5$ of 30 is 6, I did this by dividing 30 (the whole) by 5 (one part). The answer was 6.

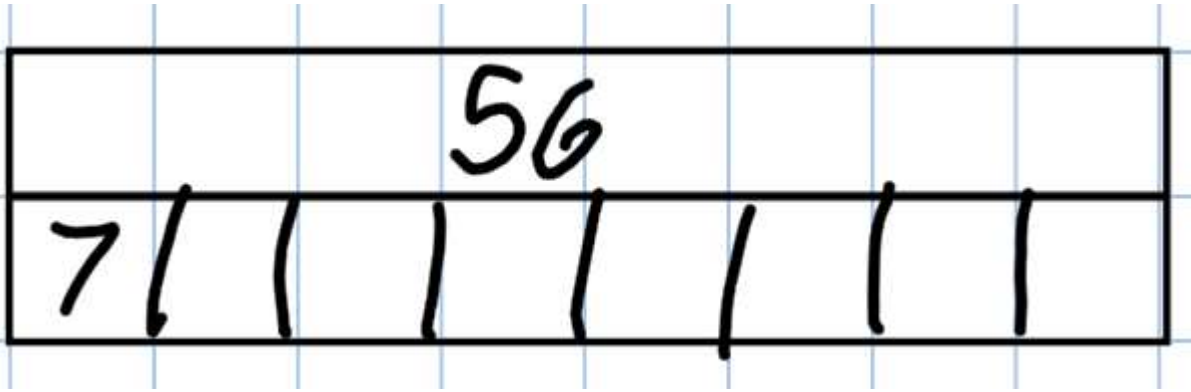
- In this method, you draw a 'bar' with boxes to represent parts of the fraction.
- The top of the bar is the **whole** amount, the bottom of the bar is the **parts**.
- We can use this method to help us find fractions of amounts.

Let's use a bar model to find sixths...



- I want to find $\frac{1}{6}$ of 54. So first I drew a bar with 6 squares to represent sixths. The **whole** bar is 54 so to find $\frac{1}{6}$ I **divided** 54 by 6. The answer is 9 so now I know **$\frac{1}{6}$ of 54 = 9**
- Now I can use my bar to work out:
 $\frac{2}{6}$ of 54 = 18 (I added 9 + 9)
- **$\frac{4}{6}$ of 54 = 36** (I added 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 or I could also do 9 x 4)

Now let's use a bar model to find eighths...



- I want to find $\frac{1}{8}$ of 56. So first I drew a bar with 8 squares to represent eighths. The **whole** bar is 56 so to find $\frac{1}{8}$ I **divided** 56 by 8. The answer is 7 so now I know **$\frac{1}{8}$ of 56 = 7**
- Now I can use my bar to work out:
 $\frac{2}{8}$ of 56 = 14 (I added 7 + 7)
- **$\frac{6}{8}$ of 54 = 42** (I added 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 or I could do 7 x 6)

Try these questions. You can use a bar model to help you if you want.

$\frac{1}{3}$ of 12	Mild		
$\frac{2}{3}$ of 12			
$\frac{1}{5}$ of 20			
$\frac{2}{5}$ of 20			
$\frac{1}{4}$ of 36			
$\frac{2}{4}$ of 36			
$\frac{1}{10}$ of 60			
$\frac{2}{10}$ of 60			

$\frac{1}{5}$ of 35	Spicy		
$\frac{2}{5}$ of 35			
$\frac{4}{5}$ of 35			
$\frac{1}{7}$ of 21			
$\frac{2}{7}$ of 21			
$\frac{5}{7}$ of 21			
$\frac{1}{8}$ of 64			
$\frac{2}{8}$ of 64	SM		
$\frac{4}{8}$ of 64			

$\frac{3}{8}$ of 32	Hot		
$\frac{7}{9}$ of 27			
$\frac{5}{6}$ of 42			
$\frac{2}{3}$ of 33			
$\frac{4}{9}$ of 81			
$\frac{7}{12}$ of 48			
$\frac{3}{11}$ of 88			
$\frac{9}{10}$ of 120			
$\frac{5}{8}$ of 72			
$\frac{4}{7}$ of 56			

Fancy a challenge? Try these missing numbers!

$$\frac{4}{9} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 36$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 33$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 12$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 15$$

$$\frac{9}{10} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 54$$

$$\frac{7}{11} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 49$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 27$$

$$\frac{4}{6} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 12$$

You could also try...

If this chocolate bar was cut into four equal pieces, how many chunks would be in each piece?

$\frac{1}{4}$ of 24 is

$\frac{3}{4}$ of 24 is

If this chocolate bar was cut into three equal pieces, how many chunks would be in each piece?

$\frac{1}{3}$ of 24 is

$\frac{2}{3}$ of 24 is

If this chocolate bar was cut into six equal pieces, how many chunks would be in each piece?

$\frac{1}{6}$ of 24 is

$\frac{5}{6}$ of 24 is

If this chocolate bar was cut into eight equal pieces, how many chunks would be in each piece?

$\frac{1}{8}$ of 24 is

$\frac{3}{8}$ of 24 is

